

CLASS-XII
Sociology
(2021-22)

(Only For Open School D.A. Students)

Time : 4 Hrs

Theory : 80 Marks

Internal Assessment : 20 Marks

Total : 100 Marks

STRUCTURE OF QUESTION PAPER

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. The question paper will comprises 5 sections A, B, C, D and E. The question paper will carry:

SECTION- A

Multiple Choice Type Question: Question No. 1 comprises of 10 sub parts (questions) I to X carry 2 marks each. This section comprises questions with multiple choice type questions. **10×2= 20**

SECTION- B

Objective Type Questions: Question No. 2 comprises of 5 sub parts (questions). I to V carry 1 mark each. This section comprises fill in the blanks/ match it and true or false type questions. **5×1= 5**

SECTION-C

Short Answer Questions: Question No.3 comprises of 8 sub parts (questions) I to VIII carry 3 marks each. Students have to attempt any 5 Questions out of Eight. Answer to each question should be in about 25-30 words. **5×3= 15**

SECTION- D

Source (passage) Based Questions: Question No.4 comprises 2 sub parts I and II (based on a passage given) carry 10 marks each comprises with 5 objective type questions. (2 marks each) **2×10= 20**

SECTION- E

Long answer Questions: Question No.5 comprises of 7 sub parts (questions) I to VII carry 4 marks each. Students have to attempt any 5 questions out of seven. Answer to each question should be in about 40-50 words. **4×5= 20**

Question wise Break up

Type of Question	Marks Per Question	Total no. of Questions	Total Marks
Multiple Choice (Learning checks)	1	20	20
Objective Type (Learning checks)	1	10	10
Short answer(SA)	3	5(8)	15
Source Based (SB)	5	2	10
Long Answer (LA)	5	5(7)	25
Total			80

SYLLABUS

PART-A

Unit : I Tribal, Rural and Urban Societies in India

1. **Tribal Society** : Meaning ,Features; Classification of Tribes; Marriage System; Issues- Deforestation and Displacement; Changes in Tribal Society.
2. **Rural Society** : Meaning, Features; Issues- Indebtedness, Impact of Green Revolution; Changes in Rural Society.
3. **Urban Society**: Meaning Features; Issues Housing and Slums

Unit : II Inequalities in Indian Society

4. **Caste Inequalities**: Concept, Features; Caste and Social Stratification, Theories of Origin of Caste, Caste Inequality and Indian Society
5. **Class Inequalities**: Concept of class, Features of Class; Relations between caste, class, status Group and class Hierarchy, Views of Sociologists on class structure, Classes in Rural and Urban India.
6. **Gender Inequalities**: Concept, Gender Inequality, Theories of Feminism, Gender; Gender Discrimination: Meaning and Nature; Problems of Women, Role of Gender relation in Societal Development.

Unit : III Structural and Cultural Change in India

- 7. Westernisation and Sankritisation:** Westernisation: Meaning, Carrier of process, Features, Impact: Sanskritisation: Meaning, Sanskritisation preferred as against Brahminisation, Dominant Caste, Impact
- 8. Modernisation and Globalisation:** Modernisation: Meaning, Characteristic, Process of Modernisation, Causes, Impact: Globalisation: Meaning, Characteristics, Process of Globalization, Causes ,impact
- 9. Social Movement:** Meaning Types, Stages Caste Based Movements, Class Based Movements, Women's movements, Environmental movements

Unit : IV Social Problems in Indian Society

- 10. Social Problems:** Alcoholism and Drug Addiction
- 11. Violence Against Women: Female Foeticide and Domestic Violence: Female Foeticide:** Meaning, India Scenario, Causes, Consequences, Strategies to Combat Female Foeticide; Domestic Violence- Meaning, Forms, Factors, Causes, Effects, Remedies
- 12. Social Issues:** The Aged and Disability: The Aged: Theries, Problems, Remedial Measures: Disability- Definition, Magnitude of Disability, Types, Causes, Social Model, Problems, Measures