

CLASS-XII
Sociology
(2021-22)

(Only For Open School Students)

Time : 3 Hrs

Theory	: 80 Marks
Internal Assessment	: 20 Marks
Total	: 100 Marks

STRUCTURE OF QUESTION PAPER

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. The question paper will comprises 5 sections A, B, C, D and E.

SECTION- A

Multiple Choice Type Question: Question No. 1 comprises of 20 sub parts (questions) I to XX carry 1 mark each. This section comprises questions with multiple choice type questions.

20×1= 20

SECTION- B

Objective Type Questions: Question No. 2 comprises of 10 sub parts (questions). I to X carry 1 mark each. This section comprises fill in the blanks/true or false type questions.

10×1= 10

SECTION- C

Short Answer Questions: Question No.3 comprises of 8 sub parts (questions) I to VIII carry 3 marks each. Students have to attempt any five Questions out of Eight. Answer to each question should be in about 35-40 words.

3× 5= 15

SECTION- D

Source (passage) Based Questions: Question No.4 comprises 2 sub parts I and II (based on a passage given) carry 5 marks each comprises with 5 objective type questions.

5× 2= 15

SECTION- E

Long answer Questions: Question No.5 comprises of 4 sub parts (questions) I to IV carry 5 marks each. Students have to attempt any two questions out of four. Answer to each question should be in about 100-150 words.

5×2= 10

Question wise Break up

Type of Question	Marks	Per	Total	no.	of	Total Marks
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	Question	Questions	
Multiple Choice (Learning checks)	1	20	20
Objective Type (Learning checks)	1	10	10
Short answer(SA)	3	5(8)	15
Source Based (SB)	5	2	10
Long Answer (LA)	5	5(7)	25
Total			80

SYLLABUS

PART-A

Unit : I Tribal, Rural and Urban Societies in India

1. **Tribal Society** : Meaning ,Features; Classification of Tribes; Marriage System; Issues- Deforestation and Displacement; Changes in Tribal Society.
2. **Rural Society** : Meaning, Features; Issues- Indebtedness, Impact of Green Revolution; Changes in Rural Society.
3. **Urban Society**: Meaning Features; Issues Housing and Slums

Unit : II Inequalities in Indian Society

4. **Caste Inequalities**: Concept, Features; Caste and Social Stratification, Theories of Origin of Caste, Caste Inequality and Indian Society
5. **Class Inequalities**: Concept of class, Features of Class; Relations between caste, class, status Group and class Hierarchy, Views of Sociologists on class structure, Classes in Rural and Urban India.
6. **Gender Inequalities**: Concept, Gender Inequality, Theories of Feminism, Gender; Gender Discrimination: Meaning and Nature; Problems of Women, Role of Gender relation in Societal Development

Unit : III Structural and Cultural Change in India

7. **Westernisation and Sankritisation**: Westernisation: Meaning, Carrier of process, Features, Impact: Sanskritisation: Meaning, Sanskritisation preferred as against Brahminisation, Dominant Caste, Impact
8. **Modernisation and Globalisation**: Modernisation: Meaning, Characteristic, Process of Modernisation,

Causes, Impact: Globalisation: Meaning, Characteristics, Process of Globalization, Causes ,impact

9. **Social Movement:** Meaning Types, Stages Caste Based Movements, Class Based Movements, Women's movements, Environmental movements

Unit : IV Social Problems in Indian Society

10. **Social Problems:** Alcoholism and Drug Addiction
11. **Violence Against Women: Female Foeticide and Domestic Violence: Female Foeticide:** Meaning, India Scenario, Causes, Consequences, Strategies to Combat Female Foeticide; Domestic Violence- Meaning, Forms, Factors, Causes, Effects, Remedies
12. **Social Issues:** The Aged and Disability: The Aged: Theries, Problems, Remedial Measures: Disability- Definition, Magnitude of Disability, Types, Causes, Social Model, Problems, Measures